

Eagles to Hold Carnival Here Next Week.

The Littlejohn Carnival Co. will exhibit in this city one week, beginning Monday, July 1. The exhibition will be held in the lot adjoining the City School building, and will be given under the auspices of the Bourbon Aerie No. 1781 Fraternal Order of Eagles. The Eagles will have a meeting this evening to discuss the plan for holding the carnival.

The carnival company is said to be one of the best on the road, carrying seven clean, up-to-date shows, Ferris wheel, merry-go-round, and a band of eighteen pieces. The company also carries its own electric lighting plant, with a capacity sufficient to light the exhibits and to furnish displays in front of each exhibition. It is planned to have the carnival in operation only at night, during which each show with the company will give several exhibitions. It is understood that special features for the Fourth of July will be offered as special attractions, and it is probable all of the attractions will be thrown open both in the afternoon and evening of that day.

The Eagles are busily engaged in boosting the carnival, and will have the support of the people of Paris in making their venture a success.

DEATHS.

—Mr. Coleman B. Martin, a prominent farmer of Harrison county, died suddenly Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Martin was out driving over his place and was stricken with paralysis. He was found by a neighbor soon after he was stricken and only lived about twenty minutes. Mr. Martin was twice sheriff of Harrison county, twice representative and once Senator from this district. He was seventy-five years old and is survived by four children.

Child Ends Life.

Mae Bishop, 13 years old, who lived with George Anderson, Sr., on the Levee pike, near Mt. Sterling, disappeared several days ago, supposedly with a tenant on Anderson's farm. Officers were put in pursuit, but heard nothing until about noon Tuesday, when the child again appeared at the Anderson home. It is said that she made a confession to Mrs. Anderson and said that she had rather be dead than living, and then took acid and died a short time later.

Fire at Mt. Sterling.

Fire broke out early Tuesday in the Julian Building, occupied by the Leader Mercantile Company and a dry cleaning establishment. The stock of the Leader Company was destroyed, the loss being \$4,000, partially covered by insurance. The building was damaged.

Fire, wind and lightning insurance. Thomas & Woodford.**F. & C. Passes Out of L. & N. Control.**

President Charles E. Hoge, of the Frankfort and Cincinnati, Tuesday sent out official notices to the railroads calling attention to the fact that on July 1 the road will be operated by the new management and that annual and term passes of the L. N., which has controlled the road will not be good for passage after June 30. The notice also contains the lists of three officers of the new company who are entitled to annual passes under the interstate commerce act. The road has been operated by the L. N., but Kentucky Courts decided that its control of the road was illegal, and ordered the lease terminated.

MATRIMONIAL.**McKEE-KIMBROUGH.**

The marriage of Miss Anna Louise McKee to Mr. Joseph Major Smith, of Cynthiana, was quietly celebrated Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Allen, in this city. Rev. W. E. Ellis, of the Christian church, officiating. The bride, who is the most charming young woman, is the daughter of the late J. W. and Mrs. Anna McKee, of Cynthiana, and a graduate of Belmont College, Nashville, Tenn. Mr. Kimbrough is the son of Mrs. R. P. Coughlin, of Lexington, and is an excellent young man. The marriage is a culmination of a love affair of long standing, and was quietly celebrated as a surprise to the friends of the popular couple. After the wedding, Mr. and Mrs. Kimbrough left for Cincinnati and will shortly return to Cynthiana, where they will reside.

HARRIS-DALE.

—Miss Gertrude Harris, of this city, and Mr. William Dale, of Cynthiana, were united in marriage in Lexington Wednesday afternoon at the home of officiating minister, Elder I. J. Spencer. The wedding took place at 2:30 o'clock.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Harris, of Paris, and is a handsome and attractive young woman with many excellent traits of character. She is a graduate of the Bourbon Female College and until the last week occupied a position with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

Mr. Dale who is in the employ of the L. & N. railroad, is a young man of exceptional character and is very popular with a host of friends. The young couple will reside in Covington.

Paris Negro Assaulted By Foot Pads.

Frank Jones, colored, of this city, was assaulted in Lexington, Wednesday night, and as a result is in a serious condition at the Good Samaritan Hospital in that city, with probably a fractured skull. He was found unconscious yesterday morning beneath a grape-arbor in the back yard of a residence on Maxwell street, and close beside him lay a four-foot section of two-inch iron pipe and a heavy club. His pockets were empty and the valuables contents were left scattered on the ground close to where the prostrate form of the victim of supposed foot-pads lay.

Jones was taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital, where he is still unconscious, and it is feared that his skull has been fractured. There is no clue to the identity of his assailant, but the detectives are working on the case. Jones was found leaning back against the wall of an outbuilding and was apparently dead. The back of his head was found to be still alive and could open his eyes. He was apparently delirious, however, and could only mutter a few unintelligible sounds. His name was learned from a scrap of paper in his pocket.

Several articles of no value were found lying about on the ground as if they had been pulled out of his pockets. There was neither money nor any other valuables of any sort in his pockets.

Jones had apparently crawled several yards after being beaten until nearly dead, and it is believed he was able to reach the bench where he was found, but could not get further or give the alarm that he had been attacked.

The fact that there was a club found nearby as well as the bloody section of gas pipe indicates that there was more than one involved in the crime.

It is believed that Jones lay more than half the night unable to call for assistance.

Jones is well-known in Paris, where he lived for many years. He was a stone mason by trade and recently moved to Lexington, where he was engaged in the saloon business. On several occasions he was in court here charged with operating blind tigers in Claysville.

Laughlin Will Treat Your Hogs.

Mr. B. F. Laughlin, manufacturer of Laughlin's Hog and Chicken Remedy, can be found at all times at Butler's drug store, opposite the court house, Paris, Ky. He will treat your hogs. 18-4t

Refrigerators; Lawn and Porch Furniture.

See my immense stock of refrigerators; every size and of best makes. My assortment of lawn and porch furniture is unequalled. A splendid line of rugs, carpets and wall paper to select from. Call and look them over. Prices most reasonable.

J. T. HINTON.

THE FAIR!**For Friday Only**

Mending Tissue for repairing silks or clothing of any kind, a package 5c.

Ice Picks 5c, Shelf Paper 50 sheets for 5c, handled Granite Iron Baking Pans, 6-qt. size, each 10c.

Magic Solder, mends Rubber, Granite, Tin, etc., a package 10c. No heat required.

Porch Seats 5c, Tin Milk Pans 3 for 10c. All sizes.

The new Indian Tuner Bell \$1. Alarm Clocks, special Friday only, 69c.

Cake Plates, Vegetable Bowls, Meat Dishes, big assortment, beautifully tinted and decorated, your choice only 10c.

Toilet Paper, 10 rolls for 25c. First quality Granite 12-qt. size Preserving Kettles, each 35c.

THE FAIR.

SESSION THROUGH NIGHT**Wild Scenes Mark Convention When Candidates are Placed in Nomination.****ONLY ONE BALLOT TAKEN****First Vote Give Clark Lead But Choice Requires 2-3 — Adjourn Until 4 P. M.**

FIRST BALLOT—Wilson 324; Clark 410 1-2; Underwood 117 1-2; Harmon 30 1-2; Baldwin 32; Bryan 1; Sulzer 2; Not voting 2. Adjourned till noon.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 6:45 a. m.—At seven o'clock this morning the National Democratic convention is still in session following an all-night vigil, during which the convention hall was the scene of many frantic demonstrations. The nominations at this hour have not been completed and the roll call of the states each time brings to the platform a delegate to place in nomination a candidate or to offer a second.

The hundreds of delegates show plainly the effect of the session which has extended for almost a full ten hours. Many look worn and haggard as a result of the trying ordeals which they have undergone, while the excitement of the convention was at its height.

There seem no end to the number of speeches, and, although a time limit was placed on each speech by the chairman, they are frequently exceeded, much to the dislike of the delegates who give vent to their displeasure by cries of "time."

The spectators that throng the galleries give no evidence of being weary of the long-drawn-out session. Demonstration after demonstration was accorded the candidates as they were placed in nomination. When Wilson's name was placed before the convention it was a signal for an uproar that continued for almost an hour and a half, and that accorded the presentation of the name of Champ Clark continued for a like period.

The Chairman had all he could do during the night to keep order in the great convention hall, and the wild scene greatly retarded the progress of the convention. It was reported last night that the Platform Committee would meet today at 11 o'clock.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 4:55 a. m.—Gov. Thomas H. Marshall was placed in nomination by a member of the Indiana delegation. The delegation began to parade the hall with a band playing. Chairman James made repeated efforts to restore order, after the demonstration started by the Indiana delegation had ceased and which was joined by a large number of the immense crowd of delegates.

Quiet was restored and the nominations of Wilson, Clark and Underwood received seconds. The crowd became very impatient, frequently interrupting the speakers with call of time.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 6:16 a. m.—The name of Gov. Judson Harmon was presented for the Presidential nomination by Hon. M. Daugherty, of Lancaster, O. Senator Gore addressed the convention seconding the nomination of Woodrow Wilson. Senator Gore produced much laughter and applause when he said President Taft had been busy for the past three and one-half years carrying out the policies of Theodore Roosevelt on a stretcher.

BALTIMORE, JUNE 28, 2:15 a. m.—When the State of New Jersey was reached a delegate from that State ascended the platform and placed in nomination Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey. Before he had opened his mouth to speak the hall was in an uproar. Hats were thrown in the air, women were waving handkerchiefs and the greatest demonstration of the whole convention was on.

For one hour and ten minutes the uproar continued while Chairman James pounded vigorously for order. The noise did not slacken in the least until the Chairman had introduced Judge Westcott, of New Jersey. This was the signal for another demonstration and a parade of the delegations of a dozen States started, which continued for fifteen minutes. Chairman James had great difficulty in restoring order to introduce Mr. Ralph Anderson, of Georgia, who seconded the nomination of Wilson.

He took the stand at 4:15 a. m. and closed fifteen minutes later. A number of the Illinois delegation took the platform and seconded the nomination of Champ Clark.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 1 a. m.—The roll of States was called for nominations for President. When the State of Alabama was reached A. H. Blackhead placed in nomination Oscar W. Underwood. Arizona yelled to Missouri, and Senator Reed, of Kansas City, placed in nomination Champ Clark. A wild demonstration followed the mention of the name of Clark. For one hour and fifteen minutes the demonstration continued unabated. Before the speaker's stand a large red banner was placed bearing "Clark Our Next President." The convention grew impatient at Senator Reed's long drawn-out speech and he was frequently interrupted.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The crowd began gathering very early for which was expected to be the most important session of the Democratic Convention. The streets in the vicinity of the hall were crowded with people and more or less difficulty was experi-

enced by even ticket holders in gaining admission to the hall. The galleries are filled even at this early hour and the whole population of Baltimore is anticipating the nomination of the Democratic candidate at this session.

Wm. Jennings Bryan was given a tremendous ovation as he entered the hall and the band played "Lo, The Conquering Hero Comes." Mr. Bryan took his seat on the platform directly behind the speaker's stand.

The band started its evening concert with "The Star Spangled Banner," and it was an imposing sight to watch the crowd arise from their seats and every man's hat in the air. Many of the audience joined in singing the National anthem.

Senator LaFollette, of Wisconsin, entered and took a seat in the press stand. He was recognized by the reporters and given an ovation of their own making.

The crowd attending the evening session of the convention is greater than that of any session. Every spectator's seat is filled and all the aisles are crowded. Mr. Bryan, accompanied by Mr. James, took their seats at the front of the platform and a mighty roar of cheers greeted them. Chairman James called the convention to order. He announces that he was advised there are a large number of delegates outside the hall and were unable to gain admission on account of the congestion at the entrance of the building and ordered that all doors of the hall be locked until every delegate gained admission. He also ordered the aisles closed.

Mr. Bryan arose and asked unanimous consent of the convention to offer a resolution. This was granted, and Mr. Bryan began speaking.

Mr. Bryan moved that no candidate shall receive the nomination of the convention who is under the domination of J. Pierpont Morgan, Thomas Ryan, August Belmont or any other representative of predatory wealth. Various objections to the resolution were heard and Senator Luke Lee, of Tennessee, jumped to his feet and demanded that the names of such objection be registered.

Objections heard from the floor prompted Mr. Bryan to move the suspension of the rules so that a vote be taken on the resolution.

Gov. Gilchrist, of Florida, arises to make the point that the rules could not be suspended. Mr. James ruled that as inasmuch as the convention of the Democratic party is sovereign, it may suspend its rules at any time it wishes.

Many parliamentary questions were brought up by delegates from the floor. The fight at this stage was a parliamentary one. Almost every ruling so far being in favor of Mr. Bryan's side of the argument. Each side was allotted twenty minutes for debate on the motion, Mr. Bryan beginning the argument for the affirmative.

Mr. Bryan in his address named Thos. F. Ryan and August Belmont, each of whom were among the accredited delegates to the convention, as striving to gain control of the convention in behalf of the interests. His speech was interspersed with invectives against the disgrace of capitalism and he was interrupted momentarily by wild bursts of applause. He said he only asked that every member of the convention go on record.

Mr. Talbot, of North Carolina, a member of the National Committee, reached the sublime as he finished his speech and stated that "Every real Democrat in the convention is with you on this proposition."

The opposition to Mr. Bryan's motion was championed by Mr. H. D. Flood, of Appomattox, Va. He took the stand as Mr. Bryan retires. Several fist fights took place on the floor.

The convention would not listen to Mr. Flood and he was succeeded by Senator-elect Vardaman, of Mississippi. Mr. Vardaman said that the motion of Mr. Bryan is "Right at least in part" but he objected to it as a whole.

Mr. Flood addressed the convention against the resolution and asked that the last part of the resolution which names the members of the convention from Virginia and New York be withdrawn. New York refuses to agree.

Ex-Governor McCorkle agreed that while he is at heart with the resolution the time for its presentation was inopportune. He was the recipient of frequent applause, but the tension of the convention was too high to permit of any great outburst.

Mr. Flood vigorously assailed Mr. Bryan, calling him "the one man" who wishes to destroy the Democratic party.

Mr. Bryan replied and withdrew the latter part of his resolution which individualized Ryan and Belmont. The resolution was then offered. A motion to adjourn was ruled out of order.

As the roll was being called great confusion reigned in the hall.

Bryan's motion carried by a vote of 897 1-2 to 188, 6 not voting. 2 1/2 being absent. The Chairman announced that by the nearly unanimous vote of the convention the motion is carried. Chairman James announced that nominations for the office of President of the United States are in order. A resolution limiting nomination speeches to 20 minutes and the seconding speeches to 5 minutes was carried by the convention.

AFTERNOON SESSION — BULLETINS.

When the doors of the convention hall were thrown open at 10 a. m. the crowd waiting admission was greater than at any previous session. It is expected that the nomination speeches for the candidates for President will be made, and perhaps several ballots taken at this session. The skies are overcast and the atmosphere close and hot. Myriads of fans are already in evidence among the spectators.

The galleries are jammed. Most of the delegates are in their seats and Chairman Parker has just ascended the platform. The first thing before the Committee will be the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization and the election of permanent officers of the convention. Senator Ollie James, of Kentucky, is the unanimous choice of the Committee.

Chairman Parker begins hammering for order. The hall is in confusion. Chairman Parker requests the police to clear the aisles. It is met with

cries from the press stand to "Sit down on the platform!" The speakers' stand is entirely surrounded by men standing, and it is impossible for those seated in the press stand to obtain a view of the speaker or hear what is being said from the speakers stand.

Chairman Parker introduces Rabbi Guppennacher, of Baltimore, who pronounces the invocation.

Rabbi Guppennacher concludes his prayer.

A minority report from the Committee on Credentials is being presented to the convention relative to a contest made on the delegation from South Dakota, which was seated by the National Committee.

The report of the minority in the Committee on Credentials is being presented by ex-Governor McCorkle, of West Virginia. He is frequently interrupted by outbursts of applause.

Gov. McCorkle is vigorously supporting the Champ Clark contention that the ten delegates from South Dakota should have been instructed for Clark instead of Gov. Wilson. He is interrupted in his address by a statement of Congressman Henry, of Texas, who is supporting the minority report of the Committee on Credentials.

Gov. McCorkle concludes his address and Mr. Henry yields the floor to Mr. Crayne, of Texas. He is followed by ex-Gov. Blanchard, of Louisiana.

Gov. Blanchard concludes his address aimed loud applause and shouts of "Vote! Vote!" However, he is followed by Joseph S. Bell, of Indiana, who is Chairman of the Committee on Credentials, and who is supporting the majority report.

Chairman Bell concludes his speech and is followed by a South Dakota member of the Committee on Credentials.

The gentleman addressing the convention is Mr. T. J. Knox, a delegate at large from Minnesota. He is frequently interrupted by both cheers and jeers.

Mr. Knox concludes his address. There is a cry of "Vote! Vote!" Mr. Theo. A. Bell, of California, begins an address.

Mr. Bell, in his speech, mentioned the name of Champ Clark and the Clark men tried to start a demonstration. Chairman is pounding vigorously for order, and while the convention is in disorder the demonstration is not a great one. Several delegates are endeavoring to make motions from the floor of the convention.

In making a motion from the platform both the names of Wilson and Clark were mentioned and rival demonstrations begun. Many flags and banners are being carried around the hall but the Wilson banners seem to have the best of it.

Several of the banners being carried around the hall are inscribed "Give us Wilson and we will give you Minnesota. Give us Wilson and we will give you New York."

The Wilson boomers now greatly outnumber those of the other candidates and the hall is filled with a bedlam of shouts and cheers. Everyone is shouting for Wilson and the band is playing "Everybody is doing it now."

After ten minutes of shouting and parading the Chair endeavors to restore order. His efforts, however, meet with renewed outbursts.

Most of the delegates have resumed their seats but the spectators are keeping up the din. The Chairman is trying hard to restore order.

The Chairman threatens to have the galleries cleared unless there is immediate order.

Mr. Bell, of California tries to resume his address and is met by derisive cheers from the gallery. Sergeant-at-arms Martin orders the police to immediately remove anyone in the gallery causing a disturbance.

Mr. Bell is finally able to resume his talk but is constantly interrupted. Mr. Bell finally retires.

Roll call on the question of the contest in South Dakota. The Credentials Committee had reported in favor of the Clark delegation. The minority report was in favor of Wilson. The roll call is on the substitution of the minority report for the majority report. Yes for the minority and no for the majority. Total vote: No, 415; Yes, 639 1-2. The minority wins.

Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi rises to a point of order and says that the Supreme Court of the United States had decided that the Philippine Islands are no part of the United States, and therefore they had no voice in the convention or the election. The question is being debated.

Discussion by Mr. Palmer, of Pennsylvania.

By a viva voce vote the resolution offered by Mr. Palmer, of Pennsylvania, to seat the delegates from the Philippines is defeated. There are many cries of "Roll Call!" The report of the Committee on Permanent Organization is being presented by Chairman Beane, of Georgia. It unanimously recommends the election of Senator-elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, as permanent chairman.

The resolution endorsing the report of the Committee on permanent organization is unanimously adopted.

Permanent Chairman James is being escorted to the stand by a committee appointed by Temporary Chairman Parker. The band is playing "My Old Kentucky Home," and the entire Kentucky delegation have gone temporarily crazy.

As Chairman James takes his place at the speaker's desk he is wildly cheered by the crowd. He is introduced to the convention by Chairman Parker.

Mr. Parker introduces Mr. James as one of the most distinguished leaders of the American Democracy. Mr. James begins his address to the convention.

Mr. James said that the Republican party promised to revise the tariff, and did so by increasing the tariff two per cent. higher than it ever had been before, this being done to protect the infant industries. The Democrats propose, he said, to wear these infant industries. Mr. James' statement that "Roosevelt says that Taft favors the trusts and Taft says that Roosevelt favors the trusts, and I believe they are both telling the truth," is received with laughter and applause.

Mr. James is reviewing the history of the Democratic House of Representatives two years ago. His address is very enthusiastically received.

Mr. James bitterly attacks President Taft's Commerce Commission and Tariff Board.

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No Fires. All Vegetables Kept Inside. No Street Display

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